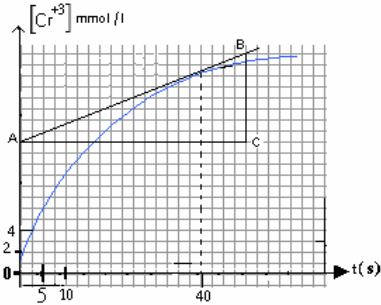


-
: 3 :



t = 40 s

4 :

0,5..... $v = d [Cr^{+3}] / dt - 1$

t = 40s

$v (40s) = BC/AC$

0.5..... = 8/50 = 0,16.10⁻³ mol/l.s

- 2

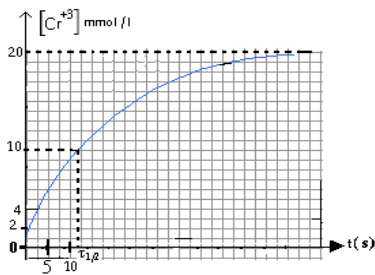
1..

$\tau_{1/2}$

- 3

1.....

1..... $\tau_{1/2} = 12s$

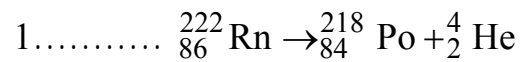


(8) :

0.5.....

. 1

. . 2



:

0.5.....

-

0.5.....

-

0.5..... $N_0 = 483$ Noyaux :

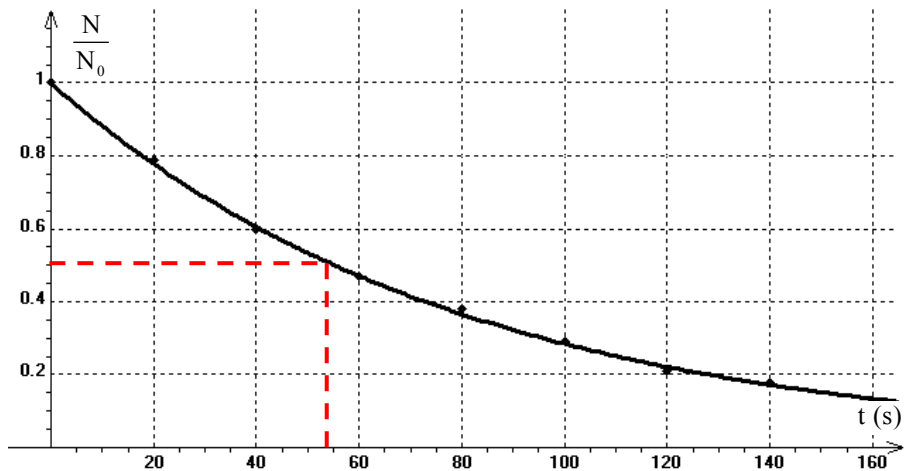
. . 3

1.....

.

t (s)	0	20	40	60	80	100	120	140	160
N	483	380	290	227	182	140	103	87	64
N/N ₀	1	0.79	0.60	0.47	0.38	0.29	0.21	0.18	0.13

1.5 $\frac{N}{N_0} = f(t)$. →



0.5.....

0.5..... $t_{1/2} = 54$ s :

$N = N_0/2$: $t_{1/2}$. →

$\frac{N_0}{2} = N_0 \cdot e^{-\lambda t}$:

1..... $\lambda = \frac{\ln 2}{t_{1/2}}$: N_0

0.5..... $\lambda = \frac{\ln 2}{54} = 0,013 \text{ s}^{-1}$:

(8) :

0.25..... H^+ . 1

:

0.25..... $\text{NH}_4^+(\text{aq}) / \text{NH}_3(\text{aq})$

0.25..... $\text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell) / \text{HO}^-(\text{aq})$

0.5... pH pH . 2

0.25..... $n_1 = CV = 0,01 \times 100 \cdot 10^{-3} = 0,001 \text{ mol}$: . 3

1.....: . 4

		$\text{NH}_3(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell) = \text{NH}_4^+(\text{aq}) + \text{HO}^-(\text{aq})$			
		(mol)			
	$x = 0$	0,001		0	0
	$x = x_f$	$0,001 - x_f$		x_f	x_f

$$0.25 \dots \dots \dots [H_3O^+]_f = 10^{-pH} \quad . 5$$

$$0.25 \dots \dots \dots [H_3O^+]_f = 10^{-10,59} = 2,57 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ mol.L}^{-1} :$$

$$K_e = [H_3O^+] \cdot [HO^-] = 10^{-14} : \quad . 6$$

$$0.25 \dots \dots \dots [HO^-]_f = \frac{10^{-14}}{[H_3O^+]_f} :$$

$$0.25 \dots \dots [HO^-]_f = \frac{10^{-14}}{2,57 \cdot 10^{-11}} = 3,89 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ mol.L}^{-1} :$$

$$[HO^-]_f = \frac{x_f}{V} :$$

$$0.25 \dots \dots \dots x_f = [HO^-]_f \cdot V :$$

$$0.25 \dots \dots \dots x_f = 3,89 \cdot 10^{-4} \times 0,1 = 3,89 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ mol} :$$

$$0.25 \dots \dots \dots x_{\max} = c \cdot V : \quad . 7$$

$$0.25 \dots \dots \dots x_{\max} = 1 \cdot 10^{-2} \times 0,1 = 10^{-3} \text{ mol} :$$

$$0.25 \dots \dots \dots \tau = \frac{x_f}{x_{\max}} : \quad . 8$$

$$0.25 \dots \dots \dots \tau = \frac{3,89 \cdot 10^{-5}}{10^{-3}} = 0,0389 :$$

$$0.25 + 0.25 \dots \dots \dots \tau < 1$$

$$0.5 \dots \dots \dots [NH_{3(aq)}]_f = \frac{c - x_f}{V} : \quad . 9$$

$$0.25 \dots \dots [NH_{3(aq)}]_f = \frac{0,001 - 3,89 \cdot 10^{-5}}{0,1} = 9,61 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mol} :$$

$$0.25 \dots \dots \dots [NH_4^+]_f = \frac{x_f}{V} = 3,89 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ mol.L}^{-1} :$$

$$1 \dots \dots \dots K_a = \frac{[H_3O^+]_f \times [NH_3]_f}{[NH_4^+]_f} \cdot K_a \quad . 10$$

$$0.25 \dots \dots \dots K_a = \frac{9,61 \cdot 10^{-3} \times 2,57 \cdot 10^{-11}}{3,89 \cdot 10^{-4}} = 6,35 \cdot 10^{-10} :$$

$$0.25 \dots \dots \dots pK_a = -\log K_a = -\log 6,35 \cdot 10^{-10} = 9,2 :$$