

01 :			
04 :	:	:	3 :
/			:

	مجزأة		
06	01	$u_0 \quad (u_n)$ $\cdot u_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2}u_n - 1$	(1)
0.5	01.5	$\cdot u_0 = -2 \quad u_0 = \frac{1}{2}u_0 - 1 \quad u_{n+1} = u_n = u_0$ $\cdot u_2 = 0 \quad u_1 = 2 \quad ($ $\cdot v_n = \alpha u_n - 2 : \quad \square \quad (v_n) ($ $v_{n+1} = \alpha u_{n+1} - 2 = \frac{\alpha}{2}u_n - \alpha - 2 = \frac{\alpha}{2}\left(\frac{v_n + 2}{\alpha}\right) - \alpha - 2$ $= \frac{1}{2}v_n - \alpha - 1$	(2)
0.75	01.5	$\cdot \alpha = -1 \quad -\alpha - 1 = 0$ $q = \frac{1}{2}$	(3)
0.75	01.5	$\cdot v_n = v_0 \times q^n = -8 \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n : n \quad v_n$ $u_n = -v_n - 2 = 8 \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n - 2 : n \quad u_n$	(4)
		$S_n = u_0 + u_1 + u_2 + \dots + u_n = -(v_0 + v_1 + v_2 + \dots + v_n) - 2(n+1)$ $= 16 \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}\right) - 2(n+1)$	

06

0.5

$$f(1) = 2 : \quad (1)$$

01

$$f'(1) = \frac{f(1) - f(0)}{1 - 0} = \frac{2 - \frac{5}{4}}{1} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$:]0;5] \quad x \quad (2)$$

$$f(x) = a + bx(2 - \sqrt{x})$$

$$:]0;5] \quad x \quad ($$

01.5

$$f'(x) = b \left((2 - \sqrt{x}) + x \left(-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \right) \right) \\ = b \left((2 - \sqrt{x}) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x} \right) = b \left(2 - \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{x} \right)$$

03

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} a = \frac{1}{2} \\ b = \frac{3}{2} \end{array} \right\} \left. \begin{array}{l} a + b = 2 \\ \frac{b}{2} = \frac{3}{4} \end{array} \right\} \left. \begin{array}{l} f(1) = 2 \\ f'(1) = \frac{3}{4} \end{array} \right\} : b \quad a \quad ($$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{2}x(2 - \sqrt{x})$$

08

$$g(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 - 1 : \quad]-1; +\infty[\quad g \quad -1$$

$$: g \quad -1$$

0.25

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} g(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 2x^3 = +\infty$$

0.25

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} g(x) = -6$$

0.5

$$g'(x) = 6x^2 - 6x$$

0.5

:

:

0.5

x	-1	0	1	$+\infty$
$g'(x)$	+	0	-	0
$g(x)$	-6	-1	-2	$+\infty$

$$[1,6;1,7]$$

$g(2$

0.75

$$g(1,7) = 0,156 > 0$$

$$g(1,6) = -0,488 < 0$$

α

$$g(x) = 0$$

. 1,7 1,6

.]-1;+\infty[g(x)

0.5

x	-1	α	$+\infty$
g(x)	-	0	+

$f(x) = \frac{1-x}{x^3+1} :]-1;+\infty[f f -II$

0.25

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} f(x) = \frac{2}{0^+} = +\infty$ (1)

0.25

$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{x^2} \right) = 0$

(C_f):

0.5

$y = 0 \quad x = -1$

:]-1;+\infty[x (2)

0.5

$f'(x) = \frac{-(x^3+1) - 3x^2(1-x)}{(x^3+1)^4} = \frac{2x^3 - 3x^2 - 1}{(x^3+1)^2} = \frac{g(x)}{(x^3+1)^2}$

0.5

$g(x) \quad f'(x) \quad (3)$

: f

0.5

x	-1	α	$+\infty$
f'(x)	-	0	+
f(x)	$+\infty$	$f(\alpha)$	0

: 0 (C_f) (Δ) (4)

0.5

$y = -x + 1$

: (Δ) (C_f) (5)

$f(x) - (-x + 1) = (1-x) \left(\frac{1}{x^3+1} - 1 \right)$
 $= (1-x) \left(\frac{-x^3}{x^3+1} \right)$

0.75

x	-1	0	1	$+\infty$
$1-x$	+	0	+	-
$-x^3$	+	0	-	-
$(1-x)\left(\frac{-x^3}{x^3+1}\right)$	+	0	-	+
	(C_f)	(C_f)	(C_f)	
	(Δ)	(Δ)	(Δ)	

01

(C_f) (Δ)

(6)

